

Indonesia

STRUCTURE OF HIGHER EDUCATION SYSTEM

Description:

There are several types of institution: Universities, both private and public, which are recognized by the Ministry of National Education; institutes and teacher training institutes (Institut Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan or IKIPs) which rank as universities with full degree granting status; Islamic institutes, which have the same rank as universities but come under the Ministry of Religious Affairs; schools (Sekolah Tinggi), both public and private, which offer academic and professional university level education in one particular discipline; single faculty academies which offer Diploma/Certificate technician level courses at public and private levels; and polytechnics, which are attached to universities and provide sub degree junior technician training. The Ministry of National Education, through the Directorate General of Higher Education, exercises authority over both state and private institutions. State institutions are financed by the central government, although provincial governments may also provide funds.

Stages of studies:

University level first stage: Sarjana (S1)

The Sarjana (Strata Satu) is awarded after four years of full-time study at a recognized university, institute or school. Students must obtain at least 144 credits. For Medicine, Dentistry, Veterinary Science, Pharmacy and Engineering, an additional two to six semesters must be added. Degree Certificates usually bear the inscription Sarjana followed by the subject.

University level second stage: Magister (S2)

The Magister (Strata Dua) is awarded after a further two years' study plus research. Some 36-50 credits beyond S1 are required to graduate.

University level third stage: Doktor (S3)

The Doktor (Strata Tiga) takes another three years beyond the Magister. The Doktor degree is the highest award conferred by Indonesian universities or institutes. There is a residential requirement for 2 years and students must pass the examinations that are organized every year to check their research progress.

ADMISSION TO HIGHER EDUCATION

Admission to non university higher education studies:

Name of secondary school credential required: Sekolah Menengah Atas

Admission requirements: Entrance examination for polytechnics.

Admission to university-level studies:

Name of secondary school credential required: Sekolah Menengah Atas

Admission requirements: Students must sit for the National Entrance Examination (Ujian Masuk Perguruan Tinggi Negeri). There are two options: Social Sciences (IPS) and Natural Sciences (IPA).

RECOGNITION OF STUDIES

Quality assurance system:

The National Accreditation Agency for Higher Education is responsible for the development and implementation of the accreditation system for higher education programmes.

Bodies dealing with recognition:

Badan Akreditasi Nasional Perguruan Tinggi - BAN-PT (National Accreditation Agency for Higher Education)

Ministry of National Education, Gedung C Lantai XI, Jl. Jenderal Sudirman

Jakarta 10002
Tel: +62(21) 573 4980
Fax: +62(21) 574 6045

NATIONAL BODIES

Departemen Pendidikan Nasional (Ministry of National Education)

Minister: Bambang Sudibyo
Jalan Jenderal Sudirman - Senayan
Jakarta 10270
Tel: +62(21) 5795 0226
Fax: +62(21) 573 1177
WWW: <http://www.depdiknas.go.id/>

Direktorat Jenderal Pendidikan Tinggi (Directorate-General of Higher Education)

Director General: Fasli Jalal
Ministry of National Education, Gedung D
Jalan Pintu Satu, Senayan
Jakarta Na 10270
Tel: +62(57) 999 0000
Fax: +62(21) 573 1466
EMail: dikti@dikti.go.id
WWW: <http://www.dikti.go.id/>

Role of national body: Executing authority for both public and private higher education institutions.

Data for academic year: 2008-2009

Source: IAU from Widya Mandala Catholic University Surabaya, 2008